# Stokes phenomenon and real singularities 

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Theorem (Levelt-Turrittin). Given $A, \exists$ a formal gauge transf. $\widehat{\boldsymbol{P}} \in \mathrm{GL}_{d}\left(\mathbb{C}\left(\left(z^{1 / q}\right)\right)\right)$ s.t. $\widehat{B}=\widehat{P}^{-1} A \widehat{P}+\widehat{P}^{-1} \widehat{P}^{\prime}$ is a normal form.

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0 \longrightarrow \mathscr{A}_{S^{1}}^{\mathrm{rd} 0} \longrightarrow \mathscr{A}_{S^{1}}[1 / z] \longrightarrow \varpi^{-1} \mathbb{C}((z)) \longrightarrow 0
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Example. $\varphi=z^{-m} u(z), u(0) \neq 0$,
On $S^{1}, \quad \operatorname{Re} \varphi=0 \Longleftrightarrow \theta=\frac{1}{m}(\arg u(0)+\pi / 2) \bmod \mathbb{Z} \pi / m$.

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- $\exists \widetilde{\pi}: \widetilde{X}^{\prime} \longrightarrow \widetilde{X}$ lifting $\pi$.


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Theorem.
If $\operatorname{dim} X=2$, this complex is real constr. on $\widetilde{\boldsymbol{X}}$.

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- Definition. Its push-forward by $\widetilde{\pi}^{\prime}: \widetilde{X}^{\prime} \longrightarrow \widetilde{X}$ is the complex of sheaves of horizontal sections of $\nabla$ with rapid decay.

Theorem.
If $\operatorname{dim} X=2$, this complex is real constr. on $\widetilde{\boldsymbol{X}}$.
Problem. To describe a stratif. of $\widetilde{\boldsymbol{X}}$ adapted to this complex.

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$\forall j, k \quad \varphi_{j}-\varphi_{k}\left\{\begin{array}{l}=z^{-m_{j k}} \cdot \text { unit, } \quad m_{j k} \in \mathbb{N}^{\ell} \backslash\{0\}, \\ \equiv 0\end{array}\right.$


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- Proved by K. Kedlaya in 2009 in the local (formal) setting, if $\operatorname{dim} X=2$. Higher dim. in progress.


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- Corollary. If $\operatorname{dim} X=2$, and $\operatorname{any}(E, \nabla)$, then the complex of rapid decay sols of $\nabla$ is real constructible on $\widetilde{X}$.

