

Introduction to Stokes structures

II: dimension ≥ 2

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Connections in dim. ≥ 2

Local approach.

- Δ^n , coord. $z = (z_1, \dots, z_n)$.
- Linear diff. system: $\frac{df}{dz_i} = A_i(z) \cdot f, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$.
- $A_i(z)$ matrix of size d , merom., pole along a div. D .
- Gauge equiv.: $P \in \text{GL}_d(\mathbb{C}\{z\}(*D))$,

$$B_i := P[A_i] = P^{-1}A_iP + P^{-1}\partial P/\partial z_i$$

- **Integrability cond.:**

$$\frac{\partial A_i}{\partial z_j} - \frac{\partial A_j}{\partial z_i} = [A_i, A_j] \quad \forall i, j.$$

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Connections in dim. ≥ 2

Global approach.

- $X = \text{cplx. manifold}$, $D = \text{hypersurface}$.
- Linear diff. system:
 - merom. vect. bdl M on X : coh. $\mathcal{O}_X(*D)$ -mod.
 - connection $\nabla : M \rightarrow \Omega_X^1 \otimes M$
- **Integrability cond.:** $\nabla^2 = 0$
- In local coord. (z_1, \dots, z_n) and in a local basis of E ,

$$\nabla = d + \sum_{i=1}^n A_i(z) dz_i, \quad A_i \in \text{Mat}_d(\mathbb{C}\{z\}(*D)).$$

$$\nabla^2 = 0 \iff \frac{\partial A_i}{\partial z_j} - \frac{\partial A_j}{\partial z_i} = [A_i, A_j]$$

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Integrable deformations

- (M^o, ∇^o) on Δ :
 - $M^o := \mathcal{O}_\Delta^d(*0)$,
 - $\nabla^o := d + A^o(z)dz$.
- **Integrable deform. param. by (X, x^o) :**
 - (M, ∇) on $\Delta \times X$,
 - ∇ **integrable**,

$$\text{s.t. } (M, \nabla)|_{x^o} = (M^o, \nabla^o)$$

- $\nabla|_{x^o}$? $\nabla : M \rightarrow \Omega_{\Delta \times X}^1 \otimes M$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\nabla^{\text{rel}} : M \rightarrow \Omega_{\Delta \times X/X}^1 \otimes M$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\nabla|_{x^o} := (\nabla^{\text{rel}})|_{x^o}$$

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Integrable deformations

- **Example:**
 - $M^o = \mathcal{O}_\Delta(*0)$,
 - $\nabla^o = d$,
 - $X = \mathbb{C}$,
 - $M = \mathcal{O}_{\Delta \times X}(* (0 \times X))$,
 - $\nabla = d + d(x/z)$,
 - $\nabla^{\text{rel}} = d - x dz/z^2$.
 - Then $(M, \nabla)|_x$
 - **regular** at $x = 0$,
 - **irregular** for any $x \neq 0$.
- \implies bad example, should impose more properties.

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Isomonodromic deformations

- Assume (M^o, ∇^o) **regular**.
- (M, ∇) integr. deform. of (M^o, ∇^o) is **isomonodromic** if
 - any $(M, \nabla)|_x$ is reg. on $(\Delta, 0)$.
- **Rigidity:** If X is 1-connected, $\exists!!$ isomono. deform. (M, ∇) of (M^o, ∇^o) on X .
 - $\iff \pi_1(\Delta, 1) = \pi_1(\Delta \times X, (1, x_o))$.

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Iso-level deformations

- $B^o(z)$: (non-ramified) normal form:

$$B^o dz = \begin{pmatrix} d\varphi_1^o & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & d\varphi_d^o \end{pmatrix} + C^o \frac{dz}{z} \quad \begin{array}{l} \varphi_k^o \in \frac{1}{z}\mathbb{C}[\frac{1}{z}] \\ C^o = \text{const.} \\ \text{non reson.} \end{array}$$

- **Iso-level deformation** on $\Delta \times X$:

$$\nabla = d + \begin{pmatrix} d\varphi_1 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & d\varphi_d \end{pmatrix} + C^o \frac{dz}{z}$$

s.t.

- $\varphi_k(z, x) \in \Gamma(X, z^{-1}\mathcal{O}_X[z^{-1}])$,
- pole order of $z \mapsto \varphi_k(z, x)$ **cst.**,
- pole order of $z \mapsto (\varphi_k(z, x) - \varphi_j(z, x))$ **cst.**

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Iso-level deformations

- **Theorem** (Ueno 1980, Jimbo-Miwa-Ueno, Malgrange, Mochizuki). Given:
 - $(M^o, \nabla^o) = (\mathcal{O}_\Delta(*0)^d, d + A^o dz)$ with **formal normal form** $d + B^o dz$.
 - $(\mathcal{O}_{\Delta \times X}(* (0 \times X))^d, d + B dz)$: **iso-level integr. deform.** of $d + B^o dz$.
- + assume X 1-connected.
- $\implies \exists!!$ integr. deform. (M, ∇) s.t.

$$\forall x \in X, \quad (M, \nabla^{\text{rel}})|_x \text{ has norm. form } d + B dz.$$
- \rightsquigarrow **"isomonodromic" deformation** of irreg. sings.

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Isomonodromic deformations

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- **Proofs.**
 - Show that $\text{St}(B_x)$ is loc. cst. w.r.t. x , or
 - show that $(\mathcal{L}, \mathcal{L}_*) \mapsto (\mathcal{L}, \mathcal{L}_*)|_{x^o}$ equiv. of categ. [this proof extends to more gen. cases.]
- **Applications.**
 - $\#\text{Level}(B^o) = 1 \rightsquigarrow$ **universal** isomono. deform.
 - used in Frobenius mflds.
- What about **degenerations**? **Example:**
 - $B^o = \text{diag}(x_1^o/z^2, \dots, x_d^o/z^2) + C^o/z$, $x_i^o \neq x_j^o$.
 - Univ. isomono. deform. param. by $(X, x^o) = \text{univ. cover. of } (\mathbb{C}^d \setminus \text{diags}, x^o)$.
 - Degenerations along diags?

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Normal form in dim. ≥ 2

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- $X = \Delta^n$, coord. $z = (z_1, \dots, z_n)$,
 - $D = \{z_1 \cdots z_\ell = 0\}$, n.c.d.
 - $\varphi_1, \dots, \varphi_d \in \mathcal{O}_X[(z_1 \cdots z_\ell)^{-1}]/\mathcal{O}_X$,
 - $B_i(z)$ matrix of size d , merom., pole along D .
- $$B_i = \begin{pmatrix} \partial\varphi_1/\partial z_i & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & \partial\varphi_d/\partial z_i \end{pmatrix} + \frac{C_i}{z_i} \quad \begin{matrix} i=1, \dots, n \\ C_i = \text{const.} \end{matrix}$$
- + **Integrability cond.:** $[C_i, C_j] = 0$.
 - New condition: **goodness.**
- $$\forall j, k \quad \varphi_j - \varphi_k \begin{cases} = z^{-m_{jk}} \cdot \text{unit}, & m_{jk} \in \mathbb{N}^\ell \setminus \{0\}, \text{ or} \\ \equiv 0 \end{cases}$$

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Example: partial Laplace transf.

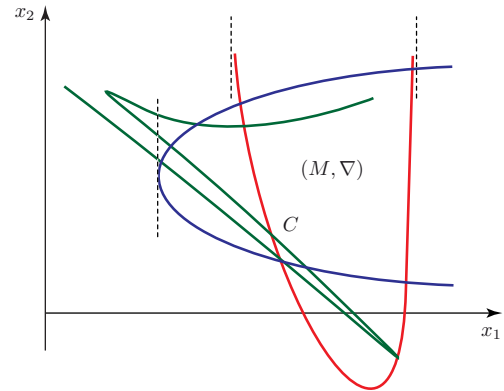
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- \mathbb{A}^2 , coord. (x_1, x_2) ,
 - Curve $C = \bigcup_i C_i$,
 - $\rho: \pi_1(\mathbb{A}^2 \setminus C, \star) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\mathbb{C})$,
 - \iff local syst. \mathcal{L} on $X \setminus C$,
 - $\xleftrightarrow{\text{RH}}$ merom. flat bdl on \mathbb{C}^2 with reg. sing.
 - $\xleftrightarrow{\text{alg}}$ flat $\mathbb{C}[x_1, x_2](\star C)$ -mod. of finite type (M, ∇) with reg. sing. along C and ∞ ,
 - $\implies \mathbb{C}[x_1, x_2]\langle \partial_{x_1}, \partial_{x_2} \rangle$ -mod. of finite type.
 - **Partial Laplace transf.:**
- $${}^F M := M \text{ as a } \mathbb{C}[x_1, \xi_2]\langle \partial_{x_1}, \partial_{\xi_2} \rangle\text{-mod.} \begin{cases} \xi_2 = \partial_{x_2} \\ \partial_{\xi_2} = -x_2 \end{cases}$$
- $\text{Sing } {}^F M: \{\xi_2 = 0\} \cup \{\xi_2 = \infty\} \cup \bigcup_k \{x_1 = x_{1,k}\}$

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Example: partial Laplace transf.

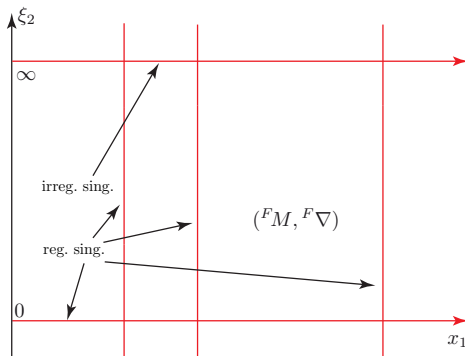
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Example: partial Laplace transf.

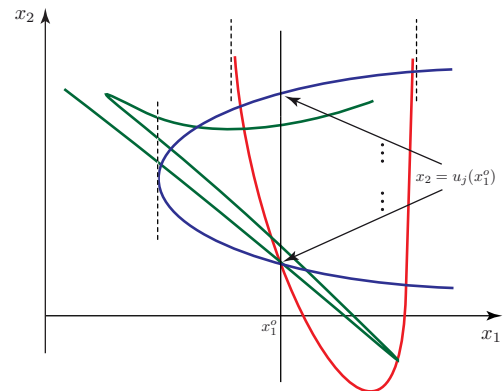
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Example: partial Laplace transf.

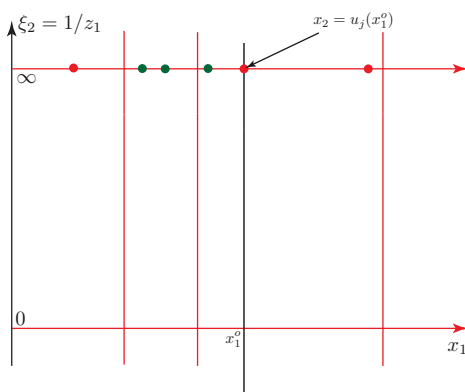
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Example: partial Laplace transf.

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Normal form for the Laplace transf.

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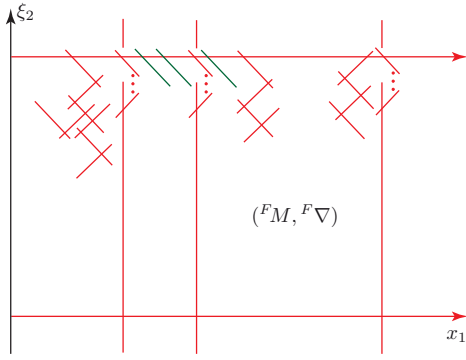
Theorem (CS 00).

Assume (M, ∇) regular on \mathbb{A}^2 . \exists a sequence of cplx blowing-ups at each turning point of ${}^F M$ s.t. the pull-back of $({}^F M, {}^F \nabla)$ has good **formal** normal form at every point of the pull-back of $\xi_2 = \infty$.

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Normal form for the Laplace transf.

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Normal form in dim. ≥ 2

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Theorem (T. Mochizuki, K. Kedlaya).

Given (M, ∇) on X with poles along D ,

- \exists projective modif. $\pi : (X', D') \rightarrow (X, D)$ s.t.
 - $D' = \pi^{-1}(D)$ is a n.c.d.,
 - $\forall x'_o \in D'$, after local ramif. around D' ,

$$\exists \hat{P} \in \mathrm{GL}_d(\mathcal{O}_{\widehat{X}'|x'_o}(*D')), \quad \hat{P}[A_i] = B_i \quad \forall i = 1, \dots, n.$$

(B_1, \dots, B_n) : **good** normal form at x'_o .

Remarks.

- Conj. by C.S. in 2000 and proved in **particular cases** in dim. 2.
- Proved by T. Mochizuki, if X, M, ∇ are **algebraic**.
- Proved by K. Kedlaya in the **local (formal)** setting.

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Asympt. analysis in dim. ≥ 2

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- X cplx manifold, D n.c.d., $D \stackrel{\mathrm{loc}}{=} \{z_1 \cdots z_\ell = 0\}$
- Strata:

$$D_I^\circ := \bigcap_{i \in I} D_i \setminus \bigcup_{j \notin I} D_j, \quad D_I^\circ \stackrel{\mathrm{loc}}{=} \{z_1 = \cdots = z_\ell = 0\}$$
- $\varpi : \widetilde{X} \rightarrow X$: **oriented real blow-up** of X along the components of D .
- Loc. coord. on \widetilde{X} :

$$(\rho_1, \dots, \rho_\ell, e^{i\theta_1}, \dots, e^{i\theta_\ell}, z_{\ell+1}, \dots, z_n).$$
 Locally:

$$\widetilde{X} = [0, \varepsilon]^\ell \times (S^1)^\ell \times \Delta^{n-\ell} \quad \text{PL manifold.}$$

$$\partial \widetilde{X} := \varpi^{-1}(D) = \partial[0, \varepsilon]^\ell \times (S^1)^\ell \times \Delta^{n-\ell}$$

$$\partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ := \varpi^{-1}(D_I^\circ) = \{0\} \times (S^1)^\ell \times \Delta^{n-\ell}$$

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Asympt. analysis in dim. ≥ 2

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- Sheaves $\mathcal{A}_{\widetilde{X}}^{\mathrm{rd}D} \subset \mathcal{A}_{\widetilde{X}} \subset \mathcal{C}_{\widetilde{X}}^\infty$.

$$\mathcal{A}_{\widetilde{X}} := \bigcap_{i=1}^{\ell} \ker(\bar{z}_i \partial_{\bar{z}_i}) \cap \bigcap_{j=\ell+1}^n \ker \partial_{z_j}.$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{\widetilde{X}}^{\mathrm{rd}D} \subset \mathcal{A}_{\widetilde{X}} \subset \mathcal{A}_{\widetilde{X}}^{\mathrm{mod}D}.$$

Theorem (Hukuhara-Turrittin, H. Majima '84, C.S. '00, Mochizuki '11).

Locally on $\partial \widetilde{X}$, \exists a lifting $\tilde{P} \in \mathrm{GL}_d(\mathcal{A}_{\widetilde{X}}(*D))$ of \hat{P} s.t. $\tilde{P}[A_i] = B_i \forall i$.

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Good coverings

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- Fix a **stratum** D_I° of D .
- $\forall x_o \in D_I^\circ$, $\Phi_{x_o} \subset \mathcal{O}_{X, x_o}(*D) / \mathcal{O}_{X, x_o}$ (neglect ramif.).
- $\bigsqcup_{x \in D_I^\circ} \Phi_x$: can be endowed with a natural topology (sheaf space).
- \rightsquigarrow finite covering, which is **good**:

$$\Sigma_I^\circ \longrightarrow D_I^\circ$$
- Lift Σ_I° to \widetilde{X} :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \widetilde{\Sigma}_I^\circ & \longrightarrow & \partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ \\ \downarrow & \square & \downarrow \varpi \\ \Sigma_I^\circ & \longrightarrow & D_I^\circ \end{array}$$
- $\forall \tilde{x}_o \in \partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ \stackrel{\mathrm{loc}}{=} (S^1)^\ell \times \Delta^{n-\ell}$, order on $(\widetilde{\Sigma}_I^\circ)_{\tilde{x}_o} = \Phi_{x_o}$.

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Stokes-filtered loc. syst. on $\partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ$

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- Embeddings:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & \widetilde{X} & \longleftarrow & \partial \widetilde{X} & \longleftarrow & \partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ \\ & \nearrow \tilde{j} & \downarrow \varpi & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ X \setminus D & \longleftarrow & X & \longleftarrow & D & \longleftarrow & D_I^\circ \end{array}$$

- $\ker \nabla|_{X \setminus D}$: loc. syst. on $X \setminus D$.
- **Lemma**: $R\tilde{j}_* \ker \nabla|_{X \setminus D} = \tilde{j}_* \ker \nabla|_{X \setminus D}$: loc. syst. on \widetilde{X} .
- $\mathcal{L} = (\tilde{j}_* \ker \nabla|_{X \setminus D})|_{\partial \widetilde{X}}$: loc. syst. on $\partial \widetilde{X}$.
- $\mathcal{L}_I^\circ := \mathcal{L}|_{\partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ}$: loc. syst. on $\partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ$.

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Stokes-filtered loc. syst. on $\partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ$

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- $\forall \tilde{x}_o \in \partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ$, $\forall \varphi \in \Phi_{x_o}$, nested subsp. of $\mathcal{L}_{I, \tilde{x}_o}^\circ$:

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathcal{L}_{I, \leq \varphi, \tilde{x}_o}^\circ = \{f_{\tilde{x}_o} \mid e^{-\varphi} f(z) \in \mathcal{A}_{\tilde{x}_o}^{\mathrm{mod}D}\} \\ \mathcal{L}_{I, < \varphi, \tilde{x}_o}^\circ = \{f_{\tilde{x}_o} \mid \exists i \in I, e^{-\varphi} f(z) \in \mathcal{A}_{\tilde{x}_o}^{\mathrm{rd}D_i}\} \end{array}$$

- \rightsquigarrow pair of nested subsheaves $\mathcal{L}_{I, <}^\circ \subset \mathcal{L}_{I, \leq}^\circ$ on $\widetilde{\Sigma}_I^\circ$.
- \rightsquigarrow notion of Stokes-filtered loc. syst. $(\mathcal{L}_I^\circ, \mathcal{L}_{I, \leq}^\circ)$ on $(\partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ, \widetilde{\Sigma}_I^\circ)$.

Theorem (Mochizuki 11, CS 13):

Given a **good** cov. Σ_I° , equiv. of categ.

Germes along D_I° of merom. flat bdlcs on (X, D) , ass. cov. $\subset \Sigma_I^\circ$

\downarrow
Stokes-filtered loc. syst. on $(\partial \widetilde{X}_I^\circ, \widetilde{\Sigma}_I^\circ)$

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Stokes-filtered loc. syst. on $\partial \widetilde{X}$

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- $\Sigma := \bigsqcup_I \Sigma_I^\circ$: top. space, but maybe **not** Hausdorff, e.g.
 - $\varphi_1 = 1/z_1 z_2$, $\varphi_2 = 1/z_1 + 1/z_1 z_2$,
 - $\varphi_1 - \varphi_2 = 0$ on $\{z_1 \neq 0, z_2 = 0\}$
- Σ & $\widetilde{\Sigma} := \bigsqcup_I \widetilde{\Sigma}_I^\circ$: **good stratified coverings**.
- \rightsquigarrow Stokes-filt. loc. syst. $(\mathcal{L}, \mathcal{L}_\circ)$ on $(\widetilde{X}, \widetilde{\Sigma})$.

Theorem (RHB correspondence, Mochizuki 11, CS 13):

Given a **good** strat. cov. Σ , equiv. of categ.

Merom. flat bdlcs on (X, D) , ass. strat. cov. $\subset \Sigma$

\downarrow
Stokes-filtered loc. syst. on $(\widetilde{X}, \widetilde{\Sigma})$

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